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Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT REFORM 2157 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6143

hito://edom.house.go/

March 18, 2005

EANDR HOLLES NORT DISTRICT OF COLUMB

THE LANGER CALLERYNS

BETALADO BANDETIR, VERMONT. INDEPENDENT

Ms. Annie Santamaria Director Hospice of the Florida Suncoast 6774 102nd Avenue Pinchas Park, FL 33782

Dear Ms. Santamaria:

Attached please find a subpoena to testify and produce things, including hydration and nutrition equipment related to the care of Theresa Schiavo, on Friday, March 25, 2005 at 10:00 a.m., at the Hospice of the Florida Suncoast for the Committee on Government Reform. The subpoena requires that you maintain the equipment in its current operating state, subject only to routine and necessary maintenance.

The Committee has initiated an inquiry into the long term care of incapacitated adults, an issue of growing importance to the federal government and federal healthcare policy. The hearing will review the treatment options provided to incapacited patients to advance the quality of life by examining the procedures, practices, methods, and equipment used by health care professionals. Additionally, the Committee will examine nutrition and hydration which incapacited patients receive as part of their care. Further, the Committee seeks to understand the issues raised by the legislative proposals contained in H.R. 1332, Protection of Incapacitated Persons Act of 2005 and S. 539, Incapacitated Persons Legal Protection Act of 2005. Your testimony regarding the treatment provided to Theresa Schiavo would be central to the Committee's understanding of these matters.

Thank you in advance for your participation in this important hearing. If you have any questions regarding this hearing, please contact the Committee at (202) 225-5074.

Sincerely

Tom Davis Chairman

cc: The Honorable Henry A. Waxman Minority Ranking Member

SUBPOENA

By Authority of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States of America

To Ms	s. Annie Santamaria, Director					
	You are hereby commanded to be and appear before the Commit	tee on Government Reform				
	of the House of Representatives of the United States at the place	, date and time specified below.				
	to testify touching matters of inquiry committed to said committee or subcommittee; and you are not to depart without leave of said committee or subcommittee.					
	Place of testimony: Hospice of the Florida Suncoast, 6774 1021	nd Avenue, Pinellas Park, FL 33782				
	Date: March 25, 2005	Time: 10:00 AM				
	to produce the things identified on the attached schedule touc committee or subcommittee; and you are not to depart without le					
	Place of production: Hospice of the Florida Suncoast, 6774 10:	2nd Avenue, Pinellas Park, FL 33782				
	Date: March 25, 2005	Time: 10:00 AM				
To U.	S. Marshals Service or any authorized staff member					
		to serve and make return				
	Witness my hand and the seal of the House	se of Representatives of the United State				
	at the city of Washington, this 18	day of <u>March</u> , 2005				
		2 min				
Attest	LERE TREATED	Chairman or Authorized Membe				
Clerk						

PROOF OF SERVICE

Address Hospice of the Florida Suncoast, 6774	102nd Av	enue. Pinellas	Park, FL 33	782	
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pefore the Committee on Government Reform					
U.S. House of Representatives					
109th Congress					
					
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				·	
Served by (print name)				····	
Title					
Manner of service					
Date					
Signature of Server					

SCHEDULE

All medical and other equipment that provides nutrition and hydration to Theresa Schiavo — in its current and continuing state of operations — and all data, information, and records relating to the functioning of such medical and other equipment, subject only to such routine and necessary maintenance as is necessary to ensure its continued proper functioning to provide such nutrition and hydration to Theresa Schiavo.

SCHEDULE INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. In complying with this subpoena, you are required to produce all responsive things that are in your possession, custody, or control, whether held by you or your past or present agents, employees, and representatives acting on your behalf. You are also required to produce things that you have a logal right to obtain, that you have a right to access, as well as things that you have placed in the temporary possession, custody, or control of any third party.
- 2. No things, including those things reflecting data, information, or records called for by this request shall be destroyed, modified, removed, transferred, disconnected, discontinued, or otherwise made inaccessible to the Committee, except as otherwise permitted under the schedule.
- 3. In the event that any entity, organization or individual denoted in this subpoena has been, or is also known by any other name than that herein denoted, the subpoena shall be read also to include them under that alternative identification.
- 4. This request is continuing in nature and applies to any newly-deployed things required for the continued hydration and nutrition of Theresa Schiavo.

Definitions for Schedule

- 1. "Continued" and "continuing" means ongoing and without interruption of operations, so as to permit the Committee to observe and examine the operation of the things subpoensed as and while they provide nutrition and hydration to Theresa Schiavo.
- 2. The terms "and" and "or" shall be construed broadly and either conjunctively or disjunctively to bring within the scope of this subpoens any information which might otherwise be construed to be outside its scope. The singular includes plural number, and vice versa. The masculine includes the ferminine and neuter genders.
- 3. The terms "person" or "persons" means natural persons, firms, partnerships, associations, corporations, subsidiaries, divisions, departments, joint ventures, proprietorships, syndicates, or other legal, business or government entities, and all subsidiaries, affiliates, divisions, departments, branches, and other units thereof.
- 4. The terms "referring or relating," with respect to any given subject, means anything that constitutes, contains, embodies, reflects, identifies, states, refers to, deals with or is in any manner whatsoever pertinent to that subject.

DHARMAI

ONE HUNDRED NINTH CONGRESS

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CHARLET ALEMAN
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Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT REFORM 2157 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING WASHINGTON, DC 20515--6143

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March 18, 2005

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MARYLINO
BIAN HOGREM, NEW YORK
BILDANCH HOLIESE HORTON,
DISTRICT OF COLUMBA.

HINDRIAD SOMALMOT

BERNARD SANDERS, YEUMONT, NOEF ENDERT

Mrs. Theresa Marie Schiavo The Hospice of the Florida Suncoast 6774 102nd Avenue Pinellas Park, FL 33782

Dear Mrs. Schiavo:

Attached please find a subpoena to appear on Friday, March 25, 2005 at 10:00 a.m., at the Hospice of the Florida Suncoast for the Committee on Government Reform.

The Committee has initiated an inquiry into the long term care of incapacitated adults, an issue of growing importance to the federal government and federal healthcare policy. The hearing will review the treatment options provided to incapacited patients to advance the quality of life by examining the procedures, practices, methods, and equipment used by health care professionals. Additionally, the Committee will examine nutrition and hydration which incapacited patients receive as part of their care. Further, the Committee seeks to understand the issues raised by the legislative proposals contained in H.R. 1332, Protection of Incapacitated Persons Act of 2005 and S. 539, Incapacitated Persons Legal Protection Act of 2005. Your appearance at the hearing would be central to the Committee's understanding of these matters.

Thank you in advance for your participation in this important hearing. If you have any questions regarding this hearing, please contact the Committee at (202) 225-5074.

Jones

Sincerely.

Chairman

Challing

cc: The Honorable Henry A. Waxman Minority Ranking Member

SUBPOENA

By Authority of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States of America

You are hereby	commanded to be a	nd appear before the Con	nmittee on Government Réform	
of the House of	Representatives of	the United States at the p	lace, date and time specified below.	
		ry committed to said con tee or subcommittee.	unittee or subcommittee; and you ar	e not
Place of testim	ony: Hospice of the	Florida Suncoast, 6774 1	02nd Avenue, Pinellas Park, FL 337	82
Date: March 2	5, 2005		Time: 10:00 AM	
Place of produ	ction:		Time:	
S. Marshals Servi	ce or any authorized	staff member		
			to serve and make	ce reti
	Witness my h	and and the seal of the H	ouse of Representatives of the Unite	d Stat
	•	of Washington, this 18		
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PROOF OF SERVICE

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MARK H. GOLDOTT, BRINTEDITA

JOHN C. LOTTOR L. TOMPSEE

CANDICE BRINTEDITA

JOHN J. DUNCAN, MR. TOMPSEE

CANDICE BRINTEDITA, MICHAEL

VIRGINIA BRICHAM, ST.

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ONE HUNDRED WINTH CONGRESS

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT REFORM 2157 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING WASHINGTON, DC 20516-6143

http://telorgy.house.goy

March 18, 2005

Notice

To: Members of the Committee on Government Reform

From: Tom Davis, Chairman

WANTED HARDING A VINCH PLEETH YTHICHEN BILLINGS

TON LANTON, CALIFORNIA MAJOR R. CHYENE, NEW YO EDDLEHUS YOUNG, NEW Y EMIDAT, SANCHEZ, GREWIN CA, DUTCH REPTEMBERIO HARTLAND BRIAN HIGGING, MIN YORK ELEANOR HOLLIGA NORTON DISTRICT OF COLLASSA

There will be a field hearing at the Hospice of the Florida Suncoast in Pinellas County, Florida on March 25, 2005 at 10:00am on the long term care of incapacitated adults.

(B) activities taken to counter similar activities directed against

the United States;

(O) covert or clandestine activities affecting the relations of the United States with a foreign government, political group, party, military fore, movement, or other association;

(D) the collection, analysis, production, dissemination, or use of information about activities of persons within the United States, its territories and possessions, or nationals of the United States abroad whose political and related activities poss, or may be considered by a department, agency, bureau, office, division, instrumentality, or employee of the United States to pose, a threat to the internal security of the United States and

(E) covert or clandestine activities directed against persons described in

subdivision (D).

(2) In this clause the term "department or agency" includes any organization, committee, council, establishment, or office within the Federal Government.

(3) For purposes of this clause, reference to a department, agency, bureau, or subdivision shall include a reference to any accessor department, agency, bureau, or subdivision to the extent that a successor engages in intelligence or intelligence-related activities now conducted by the department, agency, bureau, or subdivision referred to in this clause.

(k) Clause 12(a) of rule XXII does not apply to meetings of a conference committee respecting legislation (or any part thereof) reported by the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence.

RULE XI

PROCEDURES OF COMMITTEES AND UNFORSHED BUSINESS

In general

1. (a)(1)(A) The Rules of the House are the rules of its committees and subcommittees so far as applicable.

(B) Each subcommittee is a part of its committee and is subject to the authority and direction of that committee and to its rules, so far as applicable.

(2)(A) In a committee or subcommittee—

(i) a motion to recess from day to day, or to recess subject to the call of the Chair (within 24 hours), aball be priviless; and

(ii) a motion to dispense with the first reading (in full) of a bill or resotution shall be privileged if printed copies are available.

(B) A motion accorded privilege under this subparagraph shall be de-

cided without debate.

(b)(i) Each committee may conduct ab any time such investigations and studies as it considers necessary or appropriate in the exercise of its responsibilities under rule X. Subject to the adoption of expense resolutions as required by clause 8 of rule X, each committee may incur expenses, including

travel expenses, in connection with such investigations and studies.

(2) A proposed investigative or oversight report shall be considered as read in committee if it has been awaitable to the members for at least 24 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays except when the House is in session on such a day).

(S) A report of an investigation or atudy conducted jointly by more than one committee may be filed jointly, provided that each of the committees complies independently with all requirements for approval and filing of

the report.

(4) After an adjournment sine die of the last regular session of a Congress, an investigative or oversight report may be filed with the Clerk at any time, provided that a member who gives timely notice of intention to file supplemental, minority, or additional views shall be entitled to not less than seven calendar days in which to submit such views for inclusion in the report.

(c) Each committee may have printed and bound such restimony and other data as may be presented at hearings held by the committee or its subcommittees. All costs of atmographic services and transcripts in connection with a meeting or hearing of a committee shell be paid from the applicable accounts of the House described in clause 1()(1) of rule X.

(d)(1) Each committee shall submit to the House not later than January 2 of each odd-numbered year a report on the activities of that committee under this rule and rule X during the Congress ending at noon on January 5 of such year.

(2) Such report shall include separate sections summarizing the legislative and oversight activities of that com-

mittee during that Congress.

(3) The oversight section of such report shall include a summary of the oversight plane submitted by the committee under clause 2(d) or rule X, a summary of the actions taken and recommendations made with respect to each such plan, a summary of any additional oversight activities undertaken by that committee, and any recommendations made or actions taken thereon.

(4) After an adjournment sine die of the last regular session of a Contress. the chairman of a committee may file an activities report under subparagraph (1) with the Clerk at any time and without approval of the committee, provided that—

(A) a copy of the report has been evaluable to each member of the committee for at least moven calendar

days; and

(B) the report includes any supplemental, minority, or additional views submitted by a member of the committee.

Adoption of written rules

2. (a)(1) Each atending committee shall adopt written rules governing its procedure. Such rules—

(A) shall be adopted in a meeting that is open to the public unless the committee, in open session and with a quorum present, determines by record vote that all or part of the meeting on that day shall be closed to the public;

(B) may not be inconsistent with the Rules of the House or with those provisions of law having the force and effect of Rules of the House; and

(C) shall in any event incorporate all of the succeeding provisions of this clause to the extent applicable.

(2) Each committee shall submit its rules for publication in the Congressional Record not later than 80 days after the committee is elected in each odd-numbered year.

(3) A committee may adopt a rule providing that the chairman be directed to offer a motion under clause 1 of rule XXII whenever the cheirman

considers it appropriate. Regular meeting days

(b) Each standing committee shall establish regular meeting days for the conduct of its business, which shall be not less frequent than monthly. Each such committee shall meet for the consideration of a bill or resolution ponding before the committee or the transaction of other committee business on all regular meeting days fixed by the committee unless otherwise provided by written rule adopted by the committee.

Additional and special meetings

(c)(1) The chairman of each standing committee may call and convene, as he considers necessary, additional and special meetings of the committee for the consideration of a bill or resolution panding before the committee or for the conduct of other committee business, subject to such rules as the committee may adopt. The committee shall meet for such purpose under that call of the chairman.

(2) Three or more members of a standing committee may file in the offloes of the committee a written request that the chairman call a special meeting of the committee. Buch request shall specify the measure or matter to be considered. Immediately upon the filing of the request, the clerk of the committee shall notify the chairman of the filing of the request. If the chairman does not call the requested special meeting within three calendar days after the filing of the request (to be held within seven calendar days after the filing of the request) a majority of the members of the committee may file in the offices of the committee their Written notice that a special meeting of the committee will be held. The written notice shall specify the date and hour of the special meet. ing and the measure or matter to be considered. The committee shall meet on that date and hour. Immediately upon the filing of the notice, the elerk of the committee shall notify all members of the committee that such special meeting will be held and inform them

of its date and hour and the measure or matter to be considered. Only the measure or matter specified in that notice may be considered at that special meeting.

Temporary absence of chairman

(d) A member of the majority party on each standing committee or sub-committee thereof shall be designated by the chairmen of the full committee or subcommittee, as the vice chairmen of the committee or subcommittee, as the case may be, and shall preside during the absence of the chairman from any meeting. If the chairman and vice chairmen of a committee or subcommittee are not present at any meeting of the committee or subcommittee, the ranking majority member who is present shall preside at that meeting.

Committee records

(*)(1)(A) Each committee shall keep a complete record of all committee action which shall include—

(i) in the case of a meeting or hearing transcript, a substantially verbatim account of remarks actually made during the proceedings, subject only to technical, grammatical, and typographical confections authorized by the person making the remarks involved; and

(ii) a record of the votes on any question on which a record vote is demanded.

(B)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (B)(1) and subject to paragraph (E)(7), the result of such such record vote shall be made available by the committee for inspection by the public at reasonable times in its offices. Information so available for public inspection shall include a description of the amendment, motion, order, or other proposition, the name of such member voting for and each member voting against such amendment, motion, order, or proposition, and the names of those members of the committee present but not voting.

(ii) The result of any record vote taken in executive session in the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct may not be made available for inspection by the public without an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the committee.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (B), all committee hearings, records, data, charte, and files shall be kept separate and distinct from the congressional office records of the member serving as its chairman, Such records shall be the property of the House, and such Member, Delegate, and the Resident Commissioner shall have access thereto.

(B) A Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner, other than members of the Commissioner, other than members of the Conduct, may not have access to the records of that committee respecting the conduct of a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House without the specific prior permission of that commission of that commission.

(3) Each committee shall include in its rules standards for availability of records of the committee delivered to the Archivist of the United States under rule VII. Such standards shall specify procedures for orders of the committee under clause 8(b)(3) and clause 4(b) of rule VII, including a requirement that nonevailability of a record for a period longer than the period otherwise applicable under that rule shall be approved by vote of the committee.

(4) Each committee shall make its publications available in electronic form to the maximum extent feasible.

Probibition against proxy voting

(1) A vote by a member of a committee or subcommittee with respect to any measure or matter may not be east by proxy.

Open meetings and hearings

(£)(1) Each meeting for the transaction of business, including the mark-up of legislation, by a standing committee or subcommittee thereof (other than the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct or its subcommittees) shall be open to the public, including to radio, television, and still photography coverage, except when the committee or subcommittee, in open session and with a majority present, determines by record vote that all or part of the remainder of the meeting on that day shall be in executive session because disclosure of matters to be considered would endanger national security, would compromize sensitive law enforcement information, would tend to detame, degrade, or incriminate any person, or otherwise would violate a law or rule of the House, Persons, other than members of the committee and auch noncommittee Members, Delegates, Resident Commissioner, congressional staff, or departmental representatives as the committee may authorus, may not be present at a business or markup session that is held in executive session. This subparagraph does not apply to open committee hearings, which are governed by clause 4(a)(1) of rule X or by supparagraph (2).

(2)(A) Each hearing conducted by a committee or subcommittee (other than the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct or its subcommittees) shall be open to the public, including to radio, television, and still photography coverage, except when the committee or subcommittee, in open sassion and with a majority present, determines by record vote that all or part of the remainder of that hearing on that day shall be closed to the public because disclosure of testimony, svidence, or other matters to be considared would endanger hational security. would compromise sensitive law enforcement information, or would vislate a law or rule of the House.

(B) Notwithstanding the requirements of subdivision (A), in the presence of the number of members required under the rules of the committee for the purpose of taking testing

mony, a majority of those present

(i) agree to close the hearing for the sole purpose of discussing whether testimony or evidence to be received would endanger national security, would compromise sensitive law anforcement information, or would violate clause 2(k(X)); or

(ii) agree to close the hearing so provided in clause 2(k)(5).

(0) A Member, Delogate, or Resident Commissioner may not be excluded from nonparticipatory attendance at a hearing of a committee or subcommittee (other than the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct or its subcommittees) unless the House by majority vote authorizes a particular committee or subcommittee, for purposes of a particular series of hearings on a particular article of legislation or on a particular subject of investigation, to close its hearings to Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner by the same procedures specified in this subparagraph for closing hearings to the public.

(D) The committee or subcommittee may vote by the same procedura described in this subparagraph to close one subsequent day of hearing, except that the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, and the subcommittees thereof, may vote by the same procedure to close up to five additional consecutive days of hearings.

(3) The chairman of each committee (other than the Committee on Rules) shall make public announcement of the date, place, and subject matter of a committee hearing at least one week before the commencement of the hearing. If the chairman of the committee, with the concurrence of the ranking minority member, determines that there is good cause to begin a hearing sooner, or if the committee so determines by majority vote in the presence of the number of members required under the rules of the committee for the transaction of business, the chairman shall make the announcement at the earliest possible date. An announcement made under this subpersgraph shall be published promptly in the Daily Digest and made available in electronic form.

(4) Each committee shall, to the greatest extent practicable, require witnesses who appear before it to submit in advance written statements of proposed testimony and to limit their initial presentations to the committee to brief summaries thereof. In the case of a witness appearing in a nongovernmental capacity, a written statement of proposed testimony shall include a ourriculum vitas and a disclosure of the amount and source (by agency and program) of each Federal grant (or subgrant thereof) or contract (or subcontract thereof) received during the current fiscal year or either of the two previous fiscal years by the witness or by an entity represented by the witness.

(5)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (B), a point of order does not lis with respect to a measure reported by a committee on the ground that bearings on such measure were not conducted in accordance with this clause.

(B) A point of order on the ground described in subdivision (A) may be made by a member of the committees that reported the measure if such point of order was timely made and improperly disposed of in the committee.

(6) This paragraph does not apply to hearings of the Committee on Appropriations under clause 4(a)(1) of rule X.

Quarum requirements

(h)(1) A measure or recommendation may not be reported by a committee unless a majority of the committee is actually present.

(2) Each committee may fix the number of its members to constitute a govern for taking testimony and receiving evidence, which may not be

less than two.

- (3) Each committee (other than the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on the Budget, and the Committee on Ways and Means) may fix the number of its members to constitute a quorum for taking any action other than one for which the presence of a majority of the committee is otherwise required, which may not be less than one-third of the members.
- (4)(A) Each committee may adopt a rule authorizing the chairman of a committee or subcommittee.
- (i) to postpone further proceedings when a record vote is ordered on the question of approving a measure or matter or on adopting an amendman; and

(ii) to resume proceedings on a postponed question at any time after reasonable notice.

(E) A rule adopted pursuant to this subpararraph shall provide that when proceedings resume on a postponed question, notwithstanding any intervening order for the previous question, as underlying proposition shall remain subject to further dibate or amendment to the same extent as when the question was postponed.

Limitation on committee sittings

- (i) A committee may not ast during a joint session of the House and Senate or during a recess when a joint meeting of the House and Senate is in progress.

 Calling and questioning of witnesses
- ()(1) Whenever a hearing is conducted by a committee on a measure or matter, the minority members of the committee shall be entitled, upon request to the chairman by a majority of them before the completion of the hearing, to call witnesses selected by the minority to testify with respect to that measure or matter during at least one day of hearing thereon.

(2)(A) Subject to subdivisions (B) and (C), each committee shall apply the

five-minute rule during the questioning of witnesses in a hearing until auch time as each member of the committee who so desires has had an opportunity to question each witness.

(B) A committee may adopt a rule or motion permitting a specified number of its members to question a witness for longer than five minutes. The time for extended questioning of a witness under this subdivision shall be equal for the majority party and the minority party and may not exceed one hour in the aggregate.

(C) A committee may adopt a rule or motion permitting committee staff for its majority and minority party members to question a witness for equal specified periods. The time for extended questioning of a witness under this subdivision shall be equal for the majority party and the minority party and may not exceed one hour in the aggregate.

Hearing procedures

(E)(1) The chairman at a bearing shall announce in an opening statement the subject of the hearing.

(2) A copy of the committee rules and of this clause shall be made available to each witness on request.

(3) Witnesses at hearings may be accompanied by their own counsel for the purpose of advising them concerning their constitutional rights.

(4) The chairman may punish breaches of order and decorum, and of professional states on the part of counsel, by censure and exclusion from the hearings; and the committee may cite the offender to the House for contempts.

(5) Whenever it is asserted by a member of the committee that the evidence or cestimony at a hearing may tend to defame, degrade, or incriminate any person, or it is accerted by a witness that the evidence or testimony that the witness would give at a hearing may tend to defame, degrade, or incriminate the witness.

(A) notwithstanding paragraph (g)(2), such testimony or evidence shall be presented in executive season if, in the presents of the number of members required under the rules of the committee for the purpose of taking testimony, the committee detamines by vote of a majority of those present that such evidence or testimony may tend to defame, degrade, or incriminate apy person; and

(B) the committee shall proceed to receive such testimony in open session only if the committee, a majority being present, determines that such evidence or testimony will not tend to detame, degrads, or incriminate any person.

In either case the committee shell afford such person an opportunity voluntarily to appear as a witness, and receive and dispose of requests from such person to subpoens additional witnesses.

(6) Except as provided in subparagraph (5), the chairman shall receive and the committee shall dispose of re-

quests to subposes additional witnesses.

(7) Evidence or testimony taken in executive session, and proceedings conducted in executive session, may be released or used in public sessions only when authorized by the committee, a majority being precept.

(8) In the discretion of the committee, witnesses may submit brief and pertinent sworn statements in writing for inclusion in the record. The committee is the sole judge of the partimence of testimony and evidence adduced at its hearing.

(9) A witness may obtain a transcript copy of his testimony given at a public session or, if given at an executive session, when authorized by the com-

Supplemental, minority, or additional views

(i) If at the time of approval of a measure or matter by a committee (other than the Dommittee on Rules) a member of the committee gives notice of intention to file supplemental, minority, or additional views for inclusion in the report to the House thereon, that member shall be entitled to not less than two additional calendar days after the day of such notice (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays except when the Housa is in session on such a day) to file such views, in writing and signed by that member, with the clerk of the committee.

Power to Sit and act; subposes power

(m)(1) For the purpose of carrying out any of its functions and duties under this rule and rule X (including any matters referred to it under clause 2 of rule XII), a committee or sub-committee is authorized (subject to subparagraph (3)(A))—

(A) to sit and act at such times and places within the United States, whicher the House is in session, has recessed, or has adjourned, and to hold such hearings as it considers necessary; and

(B) to require, by subposens or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents as it considers necessary.

(2) The chairman of the committee, or a member designated by the chairman, may administer cashs to witnesses.

(3)(A)(i) Except as provided in subdivision (A)(ii), a subpose may be authorized and issued by a committee or subposmmittee under subposmmittee under subposmmittee under subposmmittee under subposmmittee or subcommittee of investigations or activities only when authorized by the committee or subcommittee, a majority being present. The power to authorize and issue subposma under subparagraph (1)(B) may be delegated to the chairman of the committee under such rules and under such limitations as the committee may prescribe. Authorized subposmas shall be signed by the chair-

man of the committee or by a member designated by the committee.

(ii) In the case of a subcommittee of the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct, a subporns may be authorized and issued only by an affirmative vote of a majority of its members.

(B) A subposus duces tocum may specify terms of return other than at a meeting or hearing of the committee or subcommittee authorizing the aubposna.

(C) Compliance with a subpoena issued by a committee or sub-committee under subparagraph (1)(E) may be enforced only as authorized or directed by the House.

Committee on Standards of Official Conduct

- 3. (a) The Committee on Standards of Official Conduct has the following functions:
 - (1) The committee may recommend to the House from time to time such administrative actions as it may consider appropriate to establish or epforce standards of official conduct for Members, Delegates, the Resident Commissioner, officers, and employses of the House. A latter of reproval or other administrative action of the committee pursuant to an investigation under subparagraph (2) shall only be issued or implemented as a part of a report required by such sub-DECECTEDD.
 - (2) The committee may investigate. subject to paragraph (b), an alleged violation by a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House of the Code of Official Conduct or of a law, ruls, regulation, or other standard of conduct applicable to the conduct of such Member. Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee in the performance of his duties or the discharge of his responsibilities. After notice and hearing (unless the right to a hearing is waived by the Mamber, Delarate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee), the committee shall report to the House its findings of fact and recommendstions, if any, for the final disposition of any such investigation and such action as the committee may conthe aider appropriate in · circumstanoss.
 - (3) The committee may report to the appropriate Federal or State authorities, either with the approval of the House or by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members of the committee, any substantial evidence of a violation by a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House, of a law applicable to the performance of his duties or the discharge of his responsibilities that may have been disclosed in a committee investigation.
 - (4) The committee may consider the request of a Member, Delagata, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House for an advisory opinion with respect to the gen-

eral propriety of any current or proposed conduct of such Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee. With appropriate deletions to ensure the privacy of the person concerned, the committee may publish such opinion for the guidance of other Members, Delegates, the Resident Commissioner, officers, and employees of the House. (5) The committee may consider

the request of a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House for a written walver in exceptional circumstances with respect to clause 4 of rule XXIII. (b)(1)(A) Unless approved by an Alfirmative vote of a majority of ite members, the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct may not report a resolution, raport, recommendation, or advisory opinion relating to the official conduct of a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or smployee of the House, or, except as provided in subparagraph (2), undertake an investigation of such conduct.

(B)(i) Upon the receipt of information offered as a complaint that is in compliance with this rule and the rules of the committee, the chairman and ranking minority member jointly may appoint mombers to serve as an inves-

tirative subcommittee.

(ii). The chairman and ranking minority member of the committee jointly may gather additional information concerning alleged conduct that is the basis of a complaint or of information offered as a complaint until they have established an investigative *// P-committee or either of them has placed on the agenda of the committee the issue of whether to establish an investigative subcommittee.

(2) Except in the case of an investigacion undertaken by the committee on its own initiative, the committee may undertake an investigation relating to the official conduct of an individual Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the

House only-

(A) upon receipt of information effered as a complaint, in writing and under oath, from a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner and transmitted to the committee by such Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner; or

(B) upon receipt of information offered as a complaint, in writing and under oath, from a person not a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner provided that a Member. Delegate, or Resident Commissioner certifies in writing to the committee that he believes the information is submitted in good faith and warrants the review and consideration of the committee.

(3) The committee may not undertake an investigation of an alleged violation of a law, rule, regulation, or standard of conduct that was not in elfeet at the time of the alleged violation. The committee may not undertake an investigation of such an alleged violation that occurred before the third pravious Congress unless the committee determines that the alleged violation is directly related to an alissed violation that occurred in a more recent Congress.

(4) A member of the committee shall be ineligible to participate as a member of the committee in a committee proceeding relating to the member's official conduct. Whenever a member of the committee is ineligible to act as a member of the committee under the preceding schtenes, the Speaker shall designate a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner from the same political party as the ineligible member to act in any proceeding of the committee relating to that conduct.

(5) A member of the committee may disqualify himself from participating in an investigation of the conduct of a Member, Delegate, Rosident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House upon the submission in writing and under oath of an amoavit of disqualification stating that the member cannot render an impartial and unbiased decision in the case in which the member seeks to be disqualified. If the doug stdeson bus tavoreds sattimmoo affidavit of disqualification, the chairman shall so notify the Speaker and request the Speaker to designate a Member, Delegate, or Rendent Commissioner from the same political party as the disqualifying member to act in any proceeding of the committee relating to that case.

(6) Information or testimony received, or the contents of a complaint or the fact of its filing, may not be publicly disclosed by any committee or staff member unless specifically authorized in each instance by a vote of

the full committee.

(7) The committee shall have the functions designated in titles I and V of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978, in sections 7342, 7361, and 7353 of title 5. United States Code, and in clause 11(g)(4) of rule X.

(c)(1) Notwithstanding clause 2(g)(1) of rule XI, each meeting of the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct or a subcommittee thereof shall thi assimu moitess sviruosee in 18000 committee or subcommittee, by an aifirmative vote of a majority of its members, opens the meeting to the

public.

(2) Notwithstanding clause 2(2)(3) of rule XI, each hearing of an adjudicatory subcommittee or sanction hearing of the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct shall be held in open session unless the committee or subcommittee, in open session by an affirmative vote of a majority of its members, bloses all or part of the remainder of the hearing on that day to the public.

(d) Before a member, officer, or employee of the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct, including members of a subcommittee of the committee selected under clause 5(a)(4) of rule X and shared staff, may have access to

Committee on Government Reform United State House of Representative – 109th Congress

Rules of the Committee adopted on February 9, 2005

Rule I. Application of Rules

Except where the terms "full committee" and "subcommittee" are specifically referred to, the following rules shall apply to the Committee on Government Reform and its subcommittees as well as to the respective chairmen.

Rule 2. Meetings

The regular meetings of the full committee shall be held on the second Tuesday of each month at 10 a.m., when the House is in session. The chairman is authorized to dispense with a regular meeting or to change the date thereof, and to call and convene additional meetings, when circumstances warrant. A special meeting of the committee may be requested by members of the committee following the provisions of House Rule XI, clause 2(c)(2). Subcommittees shall meet at the call of the subcommittee chairmen. Every member of the committee or the appropriate subcommittee, unless prevented by unusual circumstances, shall be provided with a memorandum at least three calendar days before each meeting or hearing explaining (1) the purpose of the meeting or hearing; and (2) the names, titles, background and reasons for appearance of any witnesses. The ranking minority member shall be responsible for providing the same information on witnesses whom the minority may request.

Rule 3. Quorums

(a) A majority of the members of the committee shall form a quorum, except that two members shall constitute a quorum for taking testimony and receiving evidence, and one-third of the members shall form a quorum for taking any action other than the reporting of a measure or

recommendation. If the chairman is not present at any meeting of the committee or subcommittee, the ranking member of the majority party on the committee or subcommittee who is present shall preside at that meeting.

(b) The Chairman of the committee may, at the request of a subcommittee chairman, make a temporary assignment of any member of the committee to such subcommittee for the purpose of constituting a quorum at and participating in any public hearing by such subcommittee to be held outside of Washington, DC. Members appointed to such temporary positions shall not be voting members. The Chairman shall give reasonable notice of such temporary assignment to the ranking members of the committee and subcommittee.

Rule 4. Committee Reports

Bills and resolutions approved by the committee shall be reported by the chairman following House Rule XIII. clauses 2 and 4.

A proposed report shall not be considered in subcommittee or full committee unless the proposed report has been available to the members of such subcommittee or full committee for at least three calendar days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, unless the House is in session on such days) before consideration of such proposed report in subcommittee or full committee. Any report will be considered as read if available to the members at least 24 hours before consideration, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays unless the House is in session on such days. If hearings have been held on the matter reported upon, every reasonable effort shall be made to have such hearings available to the members of the subcommittee or full committee before the consideration of the proposed report in such subcommittee or full committee. Every investigative report shall be approved by a majority vote of the committee at a meeting at which a quorum is present.

Supplemental, minority, or additional views may be filed following House Rule XI, clause 2(1) and Rule XIII, clause 3(a)(1). The time allowed for filing such views shall be three calendar days, beginning on the day of notice, but excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays

(unless the House is in session on such a day), unless the committee agrees to a different time, but agreement on a shorter time shall require the concurrence of each member seeking to file such views.

An investigative or oversight report may be filed after sine die adjournment of the last regular session of Congress, provided that if a member gives timely notice of intention to file supplemental, minority or additional views, that member shall be entitled to not less than seven calendar days in which to submit such views for inclusion with the report.

Only those reports approved by a majority vote of the committee may be ordered printed, unless otherwise required by the Rules of the House of Representatives.

Rule 5. Proxy Votes

In accordance with the Rules of the House of Representatives, members may not vote by proxy on any measure or matter before the committee or any subcommittee.

Rule 6. Record Votes

A record vote of the members may be had upon the request of any member upon approval of a one-fifth vote of the members present.

Rule 7. Record of Committee Actions

The committee staff shall maintain in the committee offices a complete record of committee actions from the current Congress including a record of the roll call votes taken at committee business meetings. The original records, or true copies thereof, as appropriate, shall be available for public inspection whenever the committee offices are open for public business. The staff shall assure that such original records are preserved with no unauthorized alteration, additions, or defacement.

- a) There shall be seven standing subcommittees with appropriate party ratios. The Chairman shall assign members to subcommittees. Minority party assignments shall be made only with the concurrence of the Ranking Minority Member. The subcommittees shall have the following fixed jurisdictions:
- i) Subcommittee on National Security, Emerging Threats, and International Relations All matters relating to the oversight of national security, emerging threats, veterans affairs, homeland security, and international relations, including anti-terrorism efforts, both foreign and domestic, and international trade.
- ii) Subcommittee on Criminal Justice, Drug Policy, and Human Resources All matters relating to the criminal justice system, the nation's counter-narcotics programs, both foreign and domestic, and food and drug safety; all matters relating to the oversight of the Judiciary, public health and welfare, education, arts, the humanities, publicly sponsored media, and the National Parks.
- lii) Subcommittee on Government Management, Finance, and Accountability All matters relating to financial management of executive departments and agencies, excluding acquisition; all matters relating to governmental accounting measures; all matters relating to the overall efficiency and management of government operations including program assessment and review and excluding Federal property; all matters relating to public records, including presidential records, the public access to records, advisory committees, and the Archives; and all matters relating to the oversight of financial services, government-sponsored enterprises, and the nation's economic growth.
- iv) Subcommittee on and Regulatory Affairs All matters relating to regulatory reform, Congressional review, the costs of regulation, and paperwork reduction measures; and all matters relating to the oversight of tax policy.

- v) Subcommittee on Federalism and the Census All matters relating to inter-governmental relations and aid to the States and localities, including unfunded mandates, grant management reform, brownfields clean-up and redevelopment, and infrastructure; all matters relating to population and demography generally, including the Census, and the Bureau of Economic Analysis. All matters relating to the oversight of housing and urban development.
- vi) Subcommittee on Energy and Resources All matters related to the oversight of environmental policy, natural resources, and federal land; and all matters related to the oversight of energy policy, commerce, housing, and urban development.
- vii) Subcommittee on the Federal Workforce and Agency Organization All matters relating to the federal civil service, including personnel, compensation, employment benefits and employee relations; all matters relating to reorganizations of the executive branch including the study of redundancy; and all matters relating to the oversight of workforce, retirement, and health policy.
- b) The full committee shall retain jurisdiction over federal acquisition policy, federal property, information management, technology policy, the Postal Service, and the District of Columbia.
- c) Bills, resolutions, and other matters shall be expeditiously referred by the Chairman to subcommittees for consideration or investigation in accordance with their fixed jurisdictions. Where the subject matter of the referral involves the jurisdiction of more than one subcommittee or does not fall within any previously assigned jurisdiction, the chairman shall refer the matter as he may deem advisable. Bills, resolutions, and other matters referred to subcommittees may be reassigned by the Chairman when, in his judgment, the subcommittee is not able to complete its work or cannot reach agreement therein. In a subcommittee having an even number of members, if there is a tie vote with all members voting on any measure, the measure shall be placed on the agenda for full committee consideration as if it had been ordered reported by the subcommittee without recommendation. This provision shall not preclude further action on the measure by the subcommittee.

Rule 9. Ex Officio Members

The chairman and the ranking minority member of the committee shall be ex officio members of all subcommittees. They are authorized to vote on subcommittee matters; but, unless they are regular members of the subcommittee, they shall not be counted in determining a subcommittee quorum other than a quorum for taking testimony.

Rule 10. Staff

Except as otherwise provided by House Rule X, clauses 6, 7 and 9, the chairman of the full committee shall have the authority to hire and discharge employees of the professional and clarical staff of the full committee and of subcommittees.

Rule 11. Staff Direction

Except as otherwise provided by House Rule X, clauses 6, 7 and 9, the staff of the committee shall be subject to the direction of the chairman of the full committee and shall perform such duties as he may assign.

Rule 12. Hearing Dates and Witnesses

- (a) Each subcommittee of the Committee is authorized to meet, hold hearings, receive testimony, mark up legislation, and report to the full Committee on any measure or matter referred to it.
- (b) No subcommittee of the Committee may meet or hold a hearing at the same time as a meeting or hearing of the Committee.
- (c) The chairman of each subcommittee shall set hearing and meeting dates only with the approval of the Chairman with a view toward assuring the availability of meeting rooms and avoiding simultaneous scheduling of Committee and subcommittee meetings or hearings.

- (d) Each subcommittee chairman shall notify the Chairman of any hearing plans at least two weeks before the date of commencement of hearings, including the date, place, subject matter, and the names of witnesses, willing and unwilling, who would be called to testify, including, to the extent he is advised thereof, witnesses whom the minority members may request.
- (e) Witnesses appearing before the committee shall so for as practicable, submit written statements at least 24 hours before their appearance and, when appearing in a non governmental capacity, provide a curriculum vitae and a listing of any Federal Government grants and contracts received in the previous fiscal year.

Rule 13. Open Meetings

Meetings for the transaction of business and hearings of the committee shall be open to the public or closed in accordance with Rule XI of the House of Representatives.

Rule 14. Five-Minute Rule

- (a) A committee member may question a witness only when recognized by the chairman for that purpose. In accordance with House Rule XI, clause 2(j)(2), each committee member may request up to five minutes to question a witness until each member who so desires has had such opportunity. Until all such requests have been satisfied, the chairman shall, so far as practicable, recognize alternately based on seniority of those majority and minority members present at the time the hearing was called to order and others based on their arrival at the hearing. After that, additional time may be extended at the direction of the chairman.
- (b) The chairman, with the concurrence of the ranking minority member, or the committee by motion, may permit an equal number of majority and minority members to question a witness for a specified, total period that is equal for each side and not longer than thirty minutes for each side.

- (c) The chairman, with the concurrence of the ranking minority member, or the committee by motion, may permit committee staff of the majority and minority to question a witness for a specified, total period that is equal for each side and not longer than thirty minutes for each side.
- (d) Nothing in paragraph (b) or (c) affects the rights of a Member (other than a Member designated under paragraph (b)) to question a witness for 5 minutes in accordance with paragraph (a) after the questioning permitted under paragraph (b) or (c). In any extended questioning permitted under paragraph (b) or (c), the chairman shall determine how to allocate the time permitted for extended questioning by majority members or majority committee staff and the ranking minority member shall determine how to allocate the time permitted for extended questioning by minority members or minority committee staff. The chairman or the ranking minority member, as applicable, may allocate the time for any extended questioning permitted to staff under paragraph (c) to members.

Rule 15. Investigative Hearing Procedures

Investigative hearings shall be conducted according to the procedures in House Rule XI, clause 2(k). All questions put to witnesses before the committee shall be relevant to the subject matter before the committee for consideration, and the chairman shall rule on the relevance of any questions put to the witnesses.

Rule 16. Stenographic Record

A stenographic record of all testimony shall be kept of public hearings and shall be made available on such conditions as the chairman may prescribe.

Rule 17. Audio and Visual Coverage of Committee Proceedings

(a) An open meeting or hearing of the committee or a subcommittee may be covered, in whole or in part, by television broadcast, radio broadcast, Internet broadcast, and still photography, unless closed subject to the provisions of House Rule XI, clause 2(g). Any such coverage shall conform with the provisions of House Rule XI, clause 4.

- (b) Use of the Committee Broadcast System shall be fair and nonpartisan, and in accordance with House Rule XI, clause 4(b), and all other applicable rules of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Government Reform. Members of the committee shall have prompt access to a copy of coverage by the Committee Broadcast System, to the extent that such coverage is maintained.
- (c) Personnel providing coverage of an open meeting or hearing of the committee or a subcommittee by Internet broadcast, other than through the Committee Broadcast System, shall be currently accredited to the Radio and Television Correspondents' Galleries.

Rule 18. Additional Duties and Authorities of Chairman

The chairman of the full committee shall:

- (a) Make available to other committees the findings and recommendations resulting from the investigations of the committee or its subcommittees as required by House Rule X, clause 4(c)(2);
- (b) Direct such review and studies on the impact or probable impact of tax policies affecting subjects within the committee's jurisdiction as required by House Rule X, clause 2(c);
- (c) Submit to the Committee on the Budget views and estimates required by House Rule X, clause 4(f), and to file reports with the House as required by the Congressional Budget Act;
- (d) Authorize and issue subpoenas as provided in House Rule X1, clause 2(m), in the conduct of any investigation or activity or series of investigations or activities within the jurisdiction of the committee;
- (e) Prepare, after consultation with subcommittee chairmen and the minority, a budget for the committee, which shall include an adequate budget for the subcommittees to discharge their responsibilities;
- (f) Make any necessary technical and conforming changes to legislation reported by the committee upon unanimous consent; and

- (g) Designate a vice chairman from the majority party.
- (h) The Chairman is directed to offer a motion under clause 1 of Rule XXII of the Rules of the House whenever the Chairman considers it appropriate.

Rule 19. Subjects of Stamps

The committee has adopted the policy that the determination of the subject matter of commemorative stamps and new semi-postal issues is properly for consideration by the Postmaster General and that the committee will not give consideration to legislative proposals specifying the subject matter of commemorative stamps and new semi-postal issues. It is suggested that recommendations for the subject matter of stamps be submitted to the Postmaster General.

Rule 20. Panels and Task Forces

- (a) The chairman of the committee is authorized to appoint panels or task forces to carry out the duties and functions of the committee.
- (b) The chainman and ranking minority member of the committee may serve as ex-officto members of each panel or task force.
- (c) The chairman of any panel or task force shall be appointed by the chairman of the committee. The ranking minority member shall select a ranking minority member for each panel or task force.
- (d) The House and committee rules applicable to subcommittee meetings, hearings, recommendations and reports shall apply to the meetings, hearings, recommendations and reports of panels and task forces.
- (e) No panel or task force so appointed shall continue in existence for more than six months. A panel or task force so appointed may, upon the expiration of six months, be reappointed by the chairman.

shall have precedence of all other questions except motions to adjourn only at a time or place, designated by the Speaker, in the legislative schedulewithin two logislative days after the day on which the proponent announces to the House his intention to offer the resolution and the form of the resolution. Oral announcement of the form of the resolution may be dispensed with by manimous consent.

(2) The time alletted for debate on a resolution offered from the floor as a question of the privileges of the House shall be equally divided between (A) the proposent of the resolution, and (B) the Majority Leader, the Minority Leader, or a designee, as determined by

the Speaker.

(b) A question of personal privilege shall have precedence of all other questions except motions to adjourn.

RULEX

ORGANIZATION OF COMMETTEES

Committees and their legislative jurisdictions

- 1. There shall be in the House the following standing committees, each of which shall have the jurisdiction and related functions assigned by this clause and clauses 2, 3, and 4. All bills, recolutions, and other matters relating to subjects within the jurisdiction of the standing committees listed in this clause shall be referred to those committees, in accordance with clause 2 of rule XII, as follows:
 - (a) Committee on Agriculture.
 - (1) Adulteration of seeds, insect posts, and proteotion of hirds and animals in forest reserved.
 - (2) Agriculture generally.
 - (3) Agricultural and industrial chemistry.
 - (4) Agricultural colleges and ex-
 - (5) Agricultural economics and research.
 - (5) Agricultural education extension services.
 - (7) Agricultural production and marketing and stabilization of prices of agricultural products, and commodities (not including distribution couside of the United States).
 - (8) Animal industry and diseases of animals.
 - (9) Commodity exchanges.
 - (10) Crop insurance and soil conservation.
 - (11) Dairy industry.
 - (12) Entomology and plant quarantine,
 - (18) Extension of farm credit and farm security.
 - (14) Inspection of livestock, poultry, meat products, and seafood and scafood products.
 - (15) Forestry in general and forest reserves other than those created from the public domain.
 - (15) Human nutrition and home

- (17) Plane industry, soils, and agricultural engineering.
 - (18) Rural electrification. (19) Rural development.
- (20) Water conservation related to activities of the Department of Agriculture.

(b) Committee on Appropriations.

- (1) Appropriation of the revenue for the support of the Government. (2) Rescissions of appropriations
- contained in appropriation Acts.
 (8) Transfers of unexpended bal-
- (4) Bills and joint resolutions reported by other committees that provide new entitlement authority as defined in section 2(9) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and referred to the committee under clause 4(s)(2).
- (c) Committee on Armed Services.
 (1) Ammunition depots; forty; arsensis; and Army, Navy, and Air Force reservations and establishments.
 - (2) Common defense generally.
- (3) Conservation, development, and use of naval petroleum and oil shale reserves.
- (4) The Department of Defense generally, including the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, generally.
- (5) Interoceanic canals generally, including measures relating to the maintenance, operation, and administration of interoceanic canals.
- (6) Merchant Marine Academy and State Maritime Academies.
- (7) Military applications of Euclear onergy.
- (8) Tactical intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the Department of Defense.
- (9) National security aspects of merchant marine, including financial assistance for the construction and operation of vessels, maintenance of the U.S. shipbuilding and ship repair industrial base, cabutage, cargo preference, and merchant marine officers and seamen at these matters relate to the national security.
- (10) Pay, promotion, retirement, and other benefits and privileges of members of the armed forces.
- (11) Scientific research and development in support of the armed services.
 - (12) Belective service.
- (13) Size and composition of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force.
 - (14) Soldiers' and sailors' homes.
- (15) Strategic and critical materials necessary for the common defeate.
- (d) Committee on the Budget,
- (1) Concurrent resolutions on the budget (as defined in section 3(4) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974), other matters required to be referred to the committee under ti-

- ties III and IV of that Act, and other measures setting forth appropriate levels of budget totals for the United States Government.
 - (2) Budget process generally.
- (9) Establishment, extension, and aniforcement of special controls over the Pederal budget, including the hudget Federal agencies and maxures providing exemption from reduction under any order issued under part of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1995.
- (8) Committee on Education and the Workforce.

(1) Child labor.

- (2) Gallaudet University and Howard University and Hospital.
- (3) Convict labor and the entry of goods made by convicts into interstate commerce.
- (4) Food programs for children in schools.
- (5) Labor standards and statis-
- (6) Education or labor generally,
- (7) Mediation and arbitration of labor disputes.
- (6) Regulation or prevention of importation of foreign laborers under contract.
 - (B) Workers' compensation.
 - (10) Vocational rehabilitation.
 - (11) Wages and hours of labor.
 - (12) Welfare of miners.
- (18) Work incentive programs.
 (f) Committee on Energy and Com-
 - (1) Biomedical research and development.
 - (2) Consumer affairs and consumer protection.
 - (5) Health and health facilities (except health care supported by payroll deductions).
 - (4) Interstate energy compacts.
 - (5) Interstate and foreign commerce generally.
 - (6) Exploration, production, storage, supply, marketing, pricing, and regulation of energy resources, including all fossil feels, solar energy, and other unconventional or rememble onergy resources.
 - (7) Conservation of energy resources.
 - (8) Energy information generally.
 - (3) The generation and marketing of power (except by federally chartered or Federal regional power marketing authorities); reliability and interstate transmission of, and ratemaking for, all power; and aiting of generation facilities (except the installation of interconnections between Government waterpower projects).
 - (16) General management of the Department of Energy and management and all functions of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commis-

- (11) National energy policy cenerally.
- (12) Public health and quarantins.
- (18) Regulation of the domestic nuclear energy industry, including regulation of research and development reactors and nuclear regulatory research.
- (14) Regulation of interstate and foreign communications.
- (15) Travel and tourism. The committee shall have the same jurisdiction with respect to regulation of nuclear facilities and of use of nuclear energy as it has with respect to regulation of nonnuclear facilities and of use of nonnuclear energy.
 (g) Committee on Financial Serv.
- icer.
 - (1) Banks and banking, including deposit insurance and Federal monstary policy.
- (2) Economic stabilisation, defense production, renegodiation, and control of the price of commodtries, rents, and dervices.
- (3) Financial aid to commerce and industry (other than transportation).
 - (4) Insurance generally.
 - (6) International finance,
- (8) International financial and monetary organizations.
- (7) Money and credit, including burrency and the issuance of notes and redemption thereof; rold and silver, including the coinage thereof valuation and revaluation of the dollar.
 - (8) Public and private housing.
 - (9) Securities and exchanges.
 - (10) Urban development.
- (h) Committee on Government Re-
- (1) Federal civil service, including intergovernmental personnel; and the status of officers and employees of the United States, including their compensation, classifloation, and retirement.
- (2) Municipal affairs of the Districe of Columbia in general (other than appropriations).
 - (3) Federal paperwork reduction.
- (4) Government management and accounting measures generally.
 - (5) Houdays and celebrations.
- (a) Overall sconomy, eminency, and management of government operations and activities, including Federal procurement.
 - (7) National archives.
- (8) Population and demography generally, including the Census.
- (9) Postal service generally, including transportation of mails.
- (10) Public information records.
- (11) Relationship of the Federal dovernment to the States and mupicipalities generally.
- (12) Reorganizations in the executive branch of the Government.

- (i) Committee on Homeland Security.
 - (L) Overall hemeland security pol-103.
 - (Z) Organization and administration of the Department of Homeland Security.
 - (3) Functions of the Department of Homeland Security relating to the following:
 - (A) Border and port security (except immigration policy and non-border enforcement).
 - (B) Oustoms (except customs TEVELUA).
 - (C) Integration, analysis, and dissemination of homeland security information.
 - (D) Domestic preparedness for and collective response to terrorism.
 - (E) Research and development. (F) Transportation security:
- (j) Committee on House Administration.
- (1) Appropriations from accounts for committee salaries and expenses (axcept for the Committee on Appropriations); House Information Resources; and allowence and expenses of Members, Delogates, the Resident Commissioner, officers, and administrative offices of the House.
- (2) Auditing and settling of all accounts described in subpersgraph
- (3) Employment of persons by the Rouse, including scall for Members, Delogates, the Resident Commissioner, and committees; and reporters of debates, subject to rule VI.
- (4) Except as provided in para-graph (1)(11), the Library of Congress, including management thereof the House Library; statusry and pictures; acceptance or purchase of works of art for the Capitol, the Botanic Garden; and purchase of books and manuscripts.
- (5) The Smithsonian Institution. and the incorporation of similar institutions (except as provided in paragraph (r)(11)).
- (6) Expenditure of accounts described in subparagraph (1).
- (7) Franking Commission.
- (6) Printing and correction of the Congressional Record.
- (9) Accounts of the Rouse cen-
- (10) Assignment of office space for Members, Delegates, the Resident Commissioner, and committees.
- (11) Disposition of usaless executive papers.
- (12) Election of the President, Vice President, Members, Schators, Delegates, or the Resident Commissioner; corrupt practices; contested elections; credentials and qualifications; and Federal elections gen-SCALLY.
- (13) Services to the House, including the House Restaurant, parking facilities, and administration of the

- House Office Buildings and of the Rouse wing of the Capitol.
- (14) Travel of Members, gates, and the Resident Commiszagois.
- (15) Raising, reporting, and use of campaign contributions for candidates for office of Representative, of Delegate, and of Resident Commissioner.
- (16) Companisation, retirement, and other benefits of the Members. Delegates, the Resident Commissioner, officers, and employees of Congress.
- (k) Committee on International Relations.
 - (1) Rolations of the United States with foreign nations generally. (2) Acquisition of land and buildings for embassies and legations in
 - foreign countries. (3) Establishment of boundary lines between the United Status and foreign nations.
 - (4) Export . controls, including nonproliferation of nuclear techno)ofy and naclear hardware.
 - (5) Foreign loans.
 - (5) International COMMONIES agreements (other than those involving sugar), including all agreements for occperation in the export of nuclear technology and nuclear hardware.
 - (7) International conferences and CONCRESS.
 - (B) International education.
 - (P) Intervention abroad and declarations of war.
 - (10) Diplomatic service.
 - (11) Measures to foster commercial intercourse with foreign DE-tions and to saleguard American business interests abroad.
 - (12) International economic pol-107.
 - (13) Neutrality.
 - (14) Protection of American citisens abroad and expatriation.
 - (15) The American National Red Cross.
 - (16) Trading with the enemy.
 - (17) United Nations organizations.
 - (1) Committee on the Judiciary. (1) The judiciary and judicial pro-
 - coedings, nivil and criminal.
 - (2) Administrative practice and procedure.
 - (3) Apportionment of Representativas.
 - (4) Bankraptcy, mutiny, espionage, and counterfeiting.
 - (5) Civil liberties.
 - (6) Constitutional amendments.
 - (1) Criminal law enforcement.
 - (8) Federal courts and judges, and local courts in the Territories and posedesions.
 - (9) Limmigration policy and nonborder enforcement.
 - (10) Interstate compacts generally.

- (11) Claims against the United States.
- (12) Meetings of Congress; attendance of Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner; and their acceptance of incompatible offices.
 - (13) National penitentiaries.
- (14) Patents, the Patent and Trademark Office, copyrights, and trademarks.
 - (15) Presidential succession.
- (16) Protection of trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies.
- (17) Revision and codification of the Statutes of the United States.
- (18) State and territorial bound-
- (19) Subversive activities affecting the internal security of the United States.
 (m) Committee on Resources.
- (1) Pisheries and Wildlife, including research, restoration, refuges, and conservation.
- (2) Forest reserves and national parks created from the public do-
- (3) Forfeiture of land grants and alien ownership, including alien ownership of mineral lands.
 - (4) Geological Survey.
- (5) International fishing agreements.
- (6) Interstate compacts relating to apportionment of waters for irrigation purposes.
- (1) Irrigation and reclamation, including water supply for reclamation projects and easements of public lands for irrigation projects; and exclusion of private lands when necessary to complete irrigation projects.
- (8). Native Americans generally, including the pare and allotment of Native American lands and general and special measures relating to claims that are paid out of Native American funds.
- (5) Insular possessions of the United States generally (except those affecting the revenue and appropriations).
- (10) Military parks and battle-Belds, national cometeries administered by the Secretary of the Interior, parks within the District of Columbia, and the erection of monuments to the memory of individuals.
- (11) Mineral land laws and claims and entries thereunder.
- (12) Mineral resources of public lands.
- (13) Mining interests generally.
- (14) Mining schools and experimental stations.
- (15) Marine affairs, including constal zone management (except for measures relating to oil and other pollution of navigable waters).
 - (16) Oceanography.

- (17) Petroleum conservation on public lands and conservation of the radium supply in the United States.
- (16) Preservation of prehistoric rules and objects of interest on the public domain.
- (19) Public lands generally, inoluding entry, casements, and grazing thereon.
- (20) Relations of the United States with Native American and Native American tribes.
- (21) Trans-Alaska Oil Pipeline (except ratemaking).
- (n) Committee on Rules.

 (1) Rules and joint rules (other than those relating to the Code of Official Conduct) and the order of business of the Rouse.
- (2) Recesses and line) adjournments of Congress.
- (a) Committee on Science.
- (1) All energy research, development, and demonstration, and projects therefor, and all federally owned or operated normalitary energy laboratories.
- (2) Astronautical research and drvelopment, including resources, personnel, equipment, and facilities.
- (3) Civil aviation research and development.
- (i) Environmental research and development.
- (5) Marine research.
- (6) Commercial application of energy technology.
- (7) National Institute of Standards and Technology, standardistion of weights and measures, and the metric system.
- (8) National Association and Space Administration.
 - (9) National Space Council.
 - (10) National Science Foundation.
- (11) National Weather Service.
 (12) Outer space, including exploration and control thereof.
- (12) Science scholarships.
- (14) Scientific research, development, and demonstration, and projects therefor.
- (p) Committee on Small Business.
- (1) Assistance to and protection of small business, including financial aid, regulatory flaxibility, and paperwork reduction.
- (2) Participation of small-business enterprises in Federal procurement and Government contracts.
- (q) Committee on Standards of Official Conduct.
 - The Code of Official Conduct.
- (r) Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.
- (1) Coast Guard, including lifesaving service, lighthouses, lightships, ocean derelicts, and the Coast Guard Academy.
- (2) Foderal management of emergencies and natural disasters.
- (5) Flood control and improvements of rivers and harbors.
 - (4) Inland waterways.

- (5) Inspection of marchant marine vessels, lights and signals, lifesaving equipment, and sire protection to such vessels.
- (6) Navigation and laws relating thereto, including pilotage.
- (7) Registering and licensing of vessels and small boats.
- (8) Rules and international arrangements to prevent collisions at sea.
- (9) The Capitol Building and the Senate and House Office Buildings.
- (10) Construction or maintenance of roads and post roads (other than appropriations therefor).
- (11) Construction of reconstruction, maintenance, and care of buildings and grounds of the Botanic Garden, the Library of Congress, and the Smithschian Institution.
- (12) Merchant marine (except for national security aspects thereof).
- (18) Purchase of sites and construction of post offices, oustomhouses, Pederal courthouses, and Government buildings within the District of Columbia.
- (14) (il and other pollution of navigable waters, including inland, coastal, and ocean waters.
- (15) Marine affairs, including coastal zone management, as they relate to dil and other pollution of navigable waters.
- (18) Public buildings and occupied or improved grounds of the United States generally.
- (17) Public works for the benefit of navigation, including bridges and dame (other than international bridges and dame).
- (18) Related transportation regulatory agencies (except the Transportation Security Administration).
- (19) Roads and the safety thereof.
 (20) Transportation, including civil aviation, railroads, water transportation, bransportation rafety (except automobile safety and transportation security functions of the Department of Homeland Security), transportation infrastructure, transportation labor, and railroad retirement and unemployment (except revenue measures
- related thereto).
 (21) Water power.
- (s) Committee on Veterans' Affaire.
- (1) Veterans' measures generally.
 (2) Cemeteries of the United
- States in which veterans of any war or conflict are or may be buried, whether in the United States or abroad (except cometeries administered by the Secretary of the Interior).
- (3) Compensation, vocational rehabilitation, and aducation of veterans.
- (4) Life insurance issued by the Government on account of service in the Armed Forces.

- (6) Pensions of all the wars of the United States, general and special.
- (6) Readjustment servicemembers to civil life.
 - (7) Servicemembers' civil relief.
- (8) Veterans' hospitals, medical once, and treatment of veterans.
- (t) Committee on Ways and Means.
 (1) Oustone revenue, collection districts, and ports of entry and delivery.
 - (2) Reciprocal trade agreements.
 - (3) Revenue measures generally.
- (4) Revenue measures relating to insular possessions.
- (5) Bonded debt of the United States, subject to the last sentence of clause 4(f).
- (5) Deposit of public monles.
- (7) Transportation of dutiable goods.
- (B) Tax exempt foundations and charitable trusts.
- (9) National social security (except health care and facilities programs that are supported from general revenues as opposed to payroll deductions and except work incentive programs).

General oversight responsibilities

- 2. (a) The various standing committess shall have general oversight responsibilities as provided in paragraph (b) in order to assist the House in—
 - (1) its analysis, appraisal, and eval-
 - (A) the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of Federal laws; and
 - (B) conditions and circumstances that may indicate the necessity or desirability of enacting new or additional legislation; and
- (2) its formulation, consideration, and enactment of changes in Federal laws, and of such additional legislation as may be necessary or appropriate.
- (b)(1) In order to determine whether laws and programs addressing subjects within the jurisdiction of a committee are being implemented and carried out in accordance with the intent of Congress and whether they should be continued, ourtailed, or sliminated, each standing committee (other than the Committee on Appropriations) shall review and study on a continuing basis.
- (A) the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of laws and programs addressing subjects within its judiculation;
- (B) the organization and operation of Federal agencies and entities having responsibilities for the administration and execution of laws and programs addressing subjects within its jurisdiction:
- (C) any conditions or circumstances that may indicate the necessity or desirability of exacting new or additional legislation addressing subjects within its jurisdiction (whether or not a bill or resolution has been introduced with respect thoreto); and

- (D) future research and forecasting on subjects within its jurisdiction.
- (2) Each committee to which subparagraph (1) applies having more than
 20 members shall establish an oversight
 subcommittee, or require its subcommittees to conduct oversight in
 their respective jurisdictions to assist
 in carrying out its responsibilities
 under this clause. The establishment of
 an oversight subcommittee does not
 limit the responsibility of a subcommittee with legislative jurisdiction
 in carrying out its oversight responstibilities.
- (0) Each standing committee shall review and study on a communing basis the impact or probable impact of tax policies affecting subjects within its jurisdiction as described in clauses I and 3.
- (d)(1) Not later than February 15 of the first session of a Congress, each standing committee shall, in a mesting that is open to the public and with a querum present, adopt its oversight plan for that Congress. Such plan shall be submitted simultaneously to the Committee on Government Reform and to the Committee on House Administration. In developing its plan each committee shall, to the maximum extent feasible—
- (A) consult with other committees that have jurisdiction over the same or related laws, programs, or agencies within its jurisdiction with the objective of ensuring maximum coordination and cooperation among committees when conducting reviews of such laws, programs, or agencies and include in its plan an explanation of steps that have been or will be taken to ensure such coordination and cooperation;
- (B) review specific problems with Federal roles, regulations, statutes, and court decisions that are ambignous, arbitrary, or nonsensical, or that impose severe financial burdens on individuals:
- (C) give priority consideration to including in its plan the review of those laws, programs, or apencies operating under permanent budget authority or permanent statutory authority:
- (D) have a view toward ensuring that all significant have, programs, or agencies within its jurisdiction are subject to review every 10 years; and
- (E) have a view toward insuring against duplication of Pederal programs.
- (2) Not later than March 3i in the first session of a Congress, after consultation with the Speaker, the Majority Leader, and the Minurity Leader, the Committee op Government Reform shall report to the House the oversight plans submitted by committees together with any recommendations that it, or the House lendership group described above, may make to snaura the most effective condination of oversight plans and otherwise to achieve the objectives of this clause.

(e) The Speaker, with the approval of the House, may appoint special ad hoc oversight committees for the purpose of reviewing specific matters within the jurisdiction of two or more standing committees.

Special oversight functions

- S. (a) The Committee on Appropriations shall conduct such studies and examinations of the organization and operation of executive departments and other executive agencies (including as agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the United States) as it considers necessary to assist it in the determination of matters within its jurisdiction.
- (b) The Committee on the Budget shall study on a continuing basis the effect on budget outlays of relevant existing and proposed legislation and report the results of such studies to the House on a recurring basis.
- (c) The Committee on Energy and Commerce shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to nuclear and other snergy and nonmilitary nuclear energy research and development including the disposal of nuclear waste.
- (4) The Committee on Education and the Workforce shall review, study, and coordinate on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to domestic educational programs and institutions and programs of student assistance within the jurisdiction of other committees.
- (s) The Committee on Government Reform shall review and study on a continuing basis the operation of Government activities at all levels with a view to determining their economy and efficiency.
- (f) The Committee on Homeland Security shall review and study on a continuing basis all Government activities relating to homeland security, including the interaction of all departments and agencies with the Department of Romeland Security.
- (g) The Committee on International Relations shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to outputs administration, intelligence activities relating to foreign policy, international fibrancial and monetary organizations, and international fishing agreements.
- (h) The Committee on Armed Services shall review and shudy on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government sotivities relating to international arms control and disarmament and the education of military dependents in schools.
- (i) The Committee on Resources shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to Native Americans.
- (j) The Committee on Rules shall review and study on a continuing basis the congressional budget process, and the committee shall report its findings

eart of the environmendations to the House

from time to time.

(k) The Committee on Science shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to nonmilitary re-

(1) The Compiltee on Small Buriness shall study and investigate on a concinning basis the problems of all types

of small business.

(m) The Permanent Soloct Committee on Intelligence shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and somvities of the intallicence community and shall raview and study on an exclusive basis the sources and methods of envities described in clause 11(b)(1)(A).

Additional functions of committees

4. (a)(1)(A) The Committee on Appropriations shall, within 30 days after the transmittal of the Budget to Congress each year, hold hearings on the Budget as a whole with particular reference

(i) the basic recommendations and budgetary policies of the President in the presentation of the Budget; and

(ii) the fiscal, financial, and coonomic assumptions used as bases in arriving at total estimated expendifures and receipts.

(B) In holding hearings under sub-division (A), the committee thall reneive testimony from the Secretary of the Treasury, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers; and such other persons as the com-

mittee may desire. (C) A bearing under subdivision (A), or any part thereof, shall be held in open session, except when the committee, in open session and with a quarum present, determines by record vote that the testimony to be taken at that bearing on that day may be related to a matter of national ascurity. The committee may by the same procedure close one subsequent day of hear-ing. A manacript of all such hearings shall be printed and a copy thereof furnished to sach Member, Delegate, and

(D) A hearing under subdivision (A), or any part thereof, may be held before a joint meeting of the committee and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate in accordance with such procedures as the two committees jointly may determine.

the Resident Commissioner.

(2) Pursuant to section 401(b)(2) of the Courtestional Budget Act of 1874, when a committee reports a bill or joint resolution that provides now antithement authority as defined in section 3(8) of that Act, and execument of the bill or joint resolution, as reported, would cause a breach of the committee's pertinent allocation of new bad get authority under section 302(a) of that Act, the bill or joint resolution may be referred to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to report it with recommendations (which may include an amendment limiting

the total amount of new entitlement suthoriby provided in the bill or joint resolution). If the Committee on Appropriations fails to report a bill or joint resolution so referred within 15 calendar days (not consting any day on which the House is not in session), the committee automatically shall be discharged from consideration of the bill or joint resolution, and the bill or joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

(E) In addition, the Committee on Appropriations shall study on a continuing basis those provisions of law that (on the first day of the first riscal year for which the congressional budget process is effective) provide spending authority or permanent budget authority and shall report to the House from time to time its recommendations for terminating or modifying such provisions.

(4) In the manner provided by section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the Committee on Appropriations (after consulting with the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate) thall subdivide any allocations made to it in the joint explanatory statement accompanying the conference report on concurrent resolution. and promptly report the subdivisions to the House as soon as practicable after a concurrent resolution on the hudget for a fiscal year is agreed to.

(b) The Committee on the Budget thal!

(1) review on a continuing basis the conduct by the Congressional Budget Office of its functions and duties:

(2) hold hearings and receive testimony from Members, Senstors, Delsgates, the Resident Commissioner, and such appropriate representatives of Federal departments and agencies, the general public, and national organizations as it considers desirable in developing concurrent resolutions on the budget for each fiscal year;

(3) make all reports required of it by the Congressional Budget Act of 1574;

(4) study on a continuing basis those provisions of law that exampt Federal agencies or any of their activities or outlays from inclusion in the Budget of the United States Goverament, and report to the House from time to time its recommendations for terminating or modifying such provisions;

(5) study on a continuing basis propossis designed to improve and facilitate the congressional budget process, and report to the House from time to time the results of such studies, together with its recommenda-

tions; and

(6) request and evaluate continuing studies of tax expenditures, devices methods of coordinating tax expendivares, policies, and programs with direst budget outlays, and report the results of such studies to the House to a recurring basis.

(0)(1) The Committee on Government Reform shall-

(A) receive and examine reports of the Comptroller General of the United States and submit to the House such recommendations at it considers necessary or desirable in connection with the subject matter of the reports;

(B) evaluate the effects of laws cuacted to reorganize the legislative and expositive branches of the Gov-

erament; and

(C) Study intergovernmental relationships between the United States and the States and municipalities and between the United States and international organizations of which

the United States is a member.
(2) In addition to its ducies under subparagraph (1), the Committee on Government Reform may at any time conduct investigations of any matter Without regard to clause 1, 2, 3, or this clause conferring jurisdiction ever the matter to another standing committee. The findings and recommendations of the committee in such an investigation shall be made available to any other standing committee having jurisdic-

(d)(1) The Committee on House Ad-

ministration shall-

(A) provide policy direction for the Inspector General and oversight of the Clerk, Sergeant-at-Arms, Chief Administrative Officer, and Inspector General;

(B) have the function of sccapting on behalf of the House a gift, except as otherwise provided by law, if the gift does not involve a daty, barden, or condition, or is not made dependant on some future performance by the House; and

(C) prompigate regulations to carry

out subdivision (B).

(2) An employing office of the Hotse may enter into a settlement of a complaint under the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 that provides for the payment of funds only after receiving the joint approval of the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Bouse Administration concerning the amount of such payment.

(e)(1) Each standing committee shall, in its consideration of all public bills and public joint resolutions within its jurisdiction, ensure that appropria-tions for continuing programs and ac-tivities of the Federal Government and the government of the District of Columbia will be made annually to the maximum extent feasible and consistent with the nature, requirement, and objective of the programs and sotivities involved. In this subparagraph programs and activities of the Federal Government and the government of the District of Columbia includes programs and activities of any department, agency, establishment, wholly owned Government corporation, or instrumentality of the Federal Covernment or of the government of the District of Co-Jampie

(2) Each standing committee shall review from time to time each conchall have precedence of all other questions except motions to adjourn only at a time or place, designated by the Speaker, in the legislative schedule within two legislative days after the day on which the propopely announced to the House his intention to offer the resolution and the form of the resolution. Oral announcement of the form of the resolution may be dispensed with by unanimous consent.

(2) The time allotted for debate on a resolution offered from the floor as a question of the privileges of the House shall be equally divided between (A) the proponent of the resolution, and (B) the Majority Deader, the Minority Leader, or a designee, as determined by

the Speaker.

(b) A question of personal privilege shall have precedence of all other questions except motions to adjourn.

RULE X

ORGANIZATION OF COMMITTEES

Committees and their legislative jurisdictions

- 1. There shall be in the House the following standing committees, each of which shall have the jurisdiction and related functions assigned by this clause and clauses 2, 3, and 4. All bills, resolutions, and other matters relating to subjects within the jurisdiction of the standing committees listed in this clause shall be referred to those committees, in accordance with clause 2 of rule XII, as follows:
 - (a) Committee on Agriculture.
 - (I) Adulteration of seeds, insect pasts, and protection of birds and animals in forest reserves.
 - (1) Agriculture generally.
 - (8) Agricultural and industrial chemistry.
 - (4) Agricultural colleges and experiment stations.
 - (5) Agricultural economics and research.
 - (6) Agricultural education exten-
 - (7) Agricultural production and marketing and stabilization of prices of agricultural products, and commodities (not including distribution outside of the United States).
 - (8) Animal industry and diseases of animals.
 - (9) Commodity exchanges.
 - (10) Crop insurance and soil con-
 - (11) Dairy industry.
 - (12) Entomology and plant quar-
 - (15) Extension of farm credit and farm security.
 - (14) Inspection of livestock, poultry, mest products, and seafood and seafood products.
 - (18) Forestry in general and forest reserves other than those created from the public domain.
 - (16) Human nutrition and home

- (17) Flant industry, soils, and agricultural appineering.
 - (18) Bural electrification. (19) Rural development,
- (20) Water conservation related to activities of the Department of Agriculture.
- (b) Committee on Apprepriations.
- (1) Appropriation of the revenue for the support of the Government.
- or the support of the Government.
 (2) Rescissions of appropriations
- contained in appropriation Acts.
 (3) Transfers of unexpended balances.
- (4) Bills and joint resolutions reported by other committees that provide new entitlement authority as defined in section 3(8) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and referred to the committee under clause 4(a)(2).
- (0) Committee on Armed Strvices.
 (1) Ammunition depots; forts; arsenals; and Army, Navy, and Air Force reservations and establishments.
 - (2) Common defense generally.
- (3) Conservation, development, and use of naval petroleum and oil shale reserves.
- (4) The Department of Defense generally, including the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, generally.
- (5) Interogeanic canals generally, including measures relating to the maintenance, operation, and administration of interoceanic canals.
- (6) Merchant Marine Academy and State Maritime Academies.
- (7) Military applications of nuclear energy.
- (8) Taotical intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the Department of Defense.
- (6) National security aspects of merchant marine, including financial assistance for the construction and operation of vessels, maintenance of the U.S. shipbuilding and ship repair industrial base, cabotage, cargo preference, and merchant marine officers and scamen as these matters relate to the national security.
- (10) Pay, promotion, retirement, and other benefits and privileges of members of the armed forces.
- (11) Scientific research and development in support of the armed services.
 - (12) Selective service.
- (15) Size and composition of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force.
 - (14) Soldiers' and sailors' homos.
- (15) Strategic and critical materials necessary for the common de-
- (d) Committee on the Budget.

 (1) Concurrent resolutions on the budget (as defined in section 3(4) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974), other matters required to be referred to the committee under ti-

- tles III and IV of that Act, and other measures setting forth appropriate levels of budges totals for the United States Government.
 - (2) Budget process generally.
- (3) Establishment, extension, and unforcement of special controls over the Pederal budget, including the budgetary treatment of off-budget Federal agencies and measures providing exemption from reduction under any order issued under part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1965.
- (e) Committee on Education and the Workforce,
 - (1) Child labor.
 - (2) Gallaudet University and Howard University and Hospital.
 - (8) Convict labor and the entry of goods made by convicts into interstate commerce.
 - (4) Food programs for children in schools.
 - (5) Labor standards and statis-
 - (6) Education or labor generally.
 - (7) Mediation and arbitration of labor disputes.
 - (8) Regulation or prevention of importation of foreign laborers under contract.
 - (9) Workers' compensation.
 - (10) Vocational rehabilitation.
 - (11) Wages and hours of labor.
 - (13) Welfare of minera.
- (13) Work incentive programs.
 (f) Committee on Energy and Com-
- merce.
 (1) Biomedical research and development.
- (2) Consumer affairs and consumer protection.
- (5) Health and health facilities (except health care supported by payroll deductions).
 - (4) Interstate energy compacts.
- (5) Interstate and foreign commerce generally.
- (6) Exploration, production, storage, supply, marketing, pricing, and regulation of energy resources, including all fossil fuels, solar energy, and other unconventional or renewable energy resources.
- (7) Conservation of energy 14sources.
- (8) Energy information generally.
- (8) The generation and marketing of power (except by federally chartered or Federal regional power marketing authorities); reliability and interestate transmission of, and ratemaking for, all power; and siting of generation facilities (except the imstallation of interconnections between Government waterpower projects).
- (10) General management of the Department of Energy and management and all functions of the Fedaral Energy Regulatory Commis-

- (11) National energy policy generally.
- (12) Public health and quarantine.
- (12) Regulation of the domestic nuclear energy industry, including regulation of research and development reactors and nuclear regulatory research.
- (14) Regulation of interstate and foreign communications.
- (15) Travel and tourism.
- The committee shall have the same jurisdiction with respect to regulation of nuclear facilities and of use of nuclear energy as it has with respect to regulation of nonnuclear facilities and of use of nonnuclear snargy.
- (g) Committee on Financial Services.
- Banks and banking, including deposit insurance and Federal monetary policy.
- (2) Economic stabilization, defense production, renerotiation, and control of the price of commodities, rents, and services.
- (8) Financial aid to commerce and industry (other than transportation).
 - (4) Insurance generally.
 - (5) International finance.
- (6) International financial and monetary organizations.
- (7) Money and credit, including currency and the issuance of notes and redemption thereof; gold and silver, including the counage thereof; valuation and revaluation of the dollar.
 - (8) Public and private housing.
 - (9) Securities and exchanges.
- (10) Urban development.
- (h) Committee on Government Re-
- (1) Federal civil service, including intergovernmental personnel; and the status of officers and employees of the United States, including their compensation, classification, and retirement.
- (2) Municipal affairs of the District of Columbia in general (other than appropriations).
 - (3) Federal paperwork reduction.
- (4) Government management and accounting measures generally.
- (5) Holidays and celebrations.
- (6) Overall economy, efficiency, and management of government operations and activities, including Federal procurement.
 - (?) National archives.
- (8) Population and demography generally, including the Census.
- (8) Postal service generally, including transportation of the mails.
- (10) Public information and records.
- (11) Relationship of the Federal Government to the States and municipalities generally.
- (12) Reorganizations in the executive branch of the Government.

- (i) Committee on Homeland Secu-
 - (I) Overall homeland security policy.
 - (2) Organization and administration of the Department of Homeland Security.
 - (3) Functions of the Department of Homeland Security relating to the following:
 - (A) Border and port security (except immigration policy and non-border taloroement).
 - (E) Customs (except customs revenue).
 - (C) Integration, analysis, and dissemination of homeland security information.
 - (D) Domestic preparedness for and collective response to terrorism.
 - (E) Research and development.(F) Transportation security.
- (i) Committee on House Administration.
- (1) Appropriations from accounts for committee salaries and exponses (except for the Committee on Appropriations): House information Resources; and allowance and expenses of Members, Delegates, the Rasident Commissioner, officers, and administrative offices of the House.
- (2) Auditing and settling of all accounts described in subparagraph (1).
- (3) Employment of persons by the House, including staff for Members, Dolegates, the Resident Commissioner, and commistees; and reporters of debates, and ject to rule VI.
- (4) Except as provided in paragraph (r)(11), the Library of Congress, including management therefore the House Library; statuary and pictures; acceptance of purchase of works of art for the Capitol; the Botanic Garden; and purchase of books and manuscripts.
- (5) The Smithsonian Institution and the incorporation of similar institutions (except as provided in paragraph (r)(1)).
- (6) Expenditure of accounts deacribed in subparagraph (1).
- (7) Franking Commission.
- (8) Printing and correction of the Congressional Record.
- (9) Accounts of the House generally.
- (10) Assignment of office space for Members, Delegates, the Resident Commissioner, and committees.
- (11) Disposition of useless execu-
- (12) Election of the President, Vice President, Members, Sanators, Delegates, or the Residant Commissioner; corrupt practices; contested elections; credentials and qualifications; and Federal elections generally.
- (13) Services to the House, including the House Restaurant, parking facilities, and administration of the

- House Office Buildings and of the House wing of the Capitol.
- (19) Travel of Mambers, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner.
- (15) Raising, reporting, and use of campaign contributions for condidates for office of Representative, of Delegate, and of Resident Commissioner.
- (16) Compansation, retirement, and other benefits of the Mambers, Delogates, the Resident Commissioner, officers, and employees of Congress.
- (k) Committee on International Re-
 - (1) Relations of the United States with foreign nations generally,
 - (2) Acquisition of land and buildings for embassies and legations in foreign countries.
 - (3) Establishment of boundary lines between the United States and foreign nations.
 - (4) Export controls, including nonpreliferation of nuclear technology and nuclear hardware.
 - (5) Poreign loans.
- (6) International commodity agreements (other than those involving sugar), including all agreements for cooperation in the export of nuclear technology and nuclear hardware.
- (7) International conferences and congresses.
- (8) International education.
- (9) Intervention abroad and declarations of war.
- (10) Diplomatto service.
- (11) Measures to foster commercial intercourse with foreign nations and to safeguard American business interests abroad.
- (12) International economic pol-
- (18) Neutrality.
- (14) Protection of American citi-
- (15) The American National Red Cross.
 - (16) Trading with the enemy.
- (17) United Nations organiza-
- (1) Committee on the Judiciary.
- (1) The judiciary and judicial proocedings, civil and criminal.
- (2) Administrative practice and procedure.
- (3) Apportionment of Representa-
- (4) Bankruptoy, mutiny, espicnage, and counterfailing.
 - (5) Civil liberties.
 - (6) Constitutional amendments.
 - (7) Criminal law splorcament.
- (6) Federal courts and judges, and local courts in the Territories and postessions.
- (9) Immigration policy and nonborder enforcement.
- (10) Interstate compacts generally.

RULES OF THE

- (11) Claims against the United
- (12) Meetings of Congress; attendance of Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner; and their acceptance of incompatible offices.
 - (15) National pentientiaries.
- (14) Patents, the Patent and Trademark Office, copyrights, and trademarks.
 - (15) Presidential Succession.
- (16) Protection of trade and commeroe against unlawful restraints and monopolies.
- (17) Revision and codification of
- the Statutes of the United States. (18) State and territorial boundary lines.
- (15) Subversive activities affecting the internal security of the United States.
- (m) Committee on Resources.
- (1) Fisheries and wildlife, including research, restoration, refuges, and conservation.
- (2) Forest reserves and national parks created from the public domain.
- (3) Forfeiture of land granes and alien ownership, including alien ownership of mineral lands.
 - (4) Geological Survey.
- (5) International fishing agreements.
- (6) Interesate compacts relating to apportionment of waters for irrigation purposes.
- (7) Irrigation and reclamation, including water supply for reclamation projects and tasements of public lands for irrigation projects; and acquisition of private lands when medessary to complete irrigation projects.
- (8) Native Americans generally, including the care and allotment of Native American lands and general and special measures relating to claims that are paid out of Native American funds.
- (B) Insular possessions of the United States generally (except those affecting the revenue and appropriations).
- (10) Military parks and battlefields, national ormeteries administered by the Secretary of the Interior, parks within the District of Columbia, and the erection of monuments to the memory of individuals.
- (11) Mineral land laws and claims and optries thereunder.
- (12) Mineral resources of public lands.
- (13) Mining interests generally.
- (14) Mining schools and experimantal stations.
- (15) Marine affairs, including coastal zone management (except for measures relating to oil and other pollution of navigable wa-1875).
 - (18) Oceanography.

(17) Petroleum conservation on public lands and conservation of the radium supply in the United States.

(18) Preservation of prehistoric ruins and objects of interest on the public domain.

(19) Public lands generally, including entry, casements, and grazing thereon.

(20) Relations of the United States with Native Americans and Native American tribes.

(21) Trans-Alaska Oil Pipeline (except ratemaking). (D) Committee on Rules.

(1) Rules and joint rules (other than those relating to the Code of Official Conduct) and the order of business of the House.

(2) Recesses and final adjournments of Congress.

(c) Committee on Science.

(J) All energy research, development, and demonstration, and projects therefor, and all federally owned or operated nonmilitary energy laboratories.

(2) Astronautical research and development, including resources, personnel, equipment, and facilities.

- (5) Civil aviation research and development.
- (4) Environmental research and davalopment.
- (5) Marine research.

(6) Commercial application of en-

ergy technology.

(7) National Institute of Standards and Technology, standardization of weights and measures, and the metric system.

- (8) National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
 - (9) National Space Council.
 - (10) National Science Foundation.
 - (11) National Weather Service.
- (19) Outer space, including exploration and control thereof.
 - (15) Science scholarships.
- (14) Ecientific research, development, and demonstration, and projects therefor.
- (p) Committee on Small Butiness. (1) Assistance to and protection of small business, including finanolal aid, regulatory flexibility, and
- paperwork reduction. (2) Participation of small-business enterprises in Federal procure-
- ment and Government contracts. (q) Committee on Standards of Official Conduct.
- The Code of Official Conduct. (r) Committee on Transportation and infrastructure.
- (1) Coast Guard, including lifeservice. lighthouses, lightships, ocean derelicts, and the Coast Guard Academy.
- (2) Foderal management of emergencies and natural disasters.
- (3) Flood control and improvement of rivers and harbors.
 - (4) Inland waterways.

(5) Inspection of merchant marine vessels, lights and signals, lifesaving equipment, and fire protection on such vessels.

(6) Navigation and laws relating therato, including pilotage.

(7) Registering and licensing of vessels and small boats.

- (8) Rules and international arrangements to prevent collisions at
- (P) The Capitol Building and the Senate and House Office Buildings.
- (10) Construction or maintenance of roads and post roads (other than appropriations therefor).
- (11) Construction or reconstruction, maintenance, and care of buildings and grounds of the Botanic Garden, the Library of Congrees, and the Smithsonian Institution.
- (12) Merchant marine (except for bational security aspects thereof).
- (13) Purchase of sites and construction of post offices, pustomhouses, Federal courthouses, and Government buildings within the District of Columbia.
- (14) Oil and other pollution of navigable waters, including inland, coastal, and ocean waters.
- (15) Marine affairs, including coastal sone management, as they relate to oil and other pollution of navigable waters.
- (16) Public buildings and occupied or improved grounds of the United States generally.
- (17) Public works for the benefit of newigation, including bridges and dams (other than international bridges and dams).
- (18) Related transportation regulatory agencies (except the Transportation Security Administration).
- (19) Roads and the safety thereof. (20) Transportation, including civil aviation, railroads, water transportation transportation, safety (except automobile salety and transportation security functions of the Department of Homeland Security), transportation infrastructure, transportation labor, and railroad retirement and unamployment (except revenue measures related thereto).
- (21) Water power. (a) Committee on Vaterans' Affairs. (1) Veterans' measures generally.
- (2) Cometeries of the United States in which veterans of any war or conflict are or may be buried, whather in the United States or abroad (except cometeries adminisbered by the Secretary of the Interios).
- (3) Compensation, vocational rehabilitation, and addeastion of vaterans.
- (4) Life insurance issued by the Government on account of service in the Armed Forces.

- (6) Pensions of all the wars of the United States, general and special.
- (5) Readjustment servicemembers to civil life.
 - (7) Servicemembers' oivil relief.
 (8) Veterans' hospitals, medical
- (a) Veterand hospitals, medical pare, and treatment of veterans. (t) Committee on Ways and Means.
- (1) Customs revenue, collection districts, and ports of entry and delivery.
- (2) Reciprocal trade agreements.
- (3) Revenue massures generally.
- (4) Revenue measures relating to insular possessions.
- (5) Honded debt of the United States, subject to the last sentence of clause 4(f).
 - (5) Deposit of public monies.
- (7) Transportation of dutiable goods.
- (8) Tax exempt foundations and obstituble trusts.
- (9) National social security (except health care and facilities programs that are supported from general revenues as opposed to payroll deductions and except work incentive programs).

General oversight responsibilities

- 2. (a) The various standing committees shall have searral oversight responsibilities as provided in paragraph (b) in order to assist the Houss in—
 - (1) its analysis, appraisal, and evaluation of-
 - (A) the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of Federal laws; and
 - (B) conditions and circumstances that may indicate the necessity or desirability of enacting new or additional legislation; and
- (2) its formulation, consideration, and enactment of changes in Federal laws, and of such additional legislation as may be necessary or appro-
- (b)(1) In order to determine whether laws and programs addressing subjects within the jurisdiction of a committee are being implemented and certified out in accordance with the intent of Congress and whether they should be continued, curtailed, or eliminated, each standing committee (other than the Committee on Appropriations) shall review and study on a continuing basis—
- (A) the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of laws and programs addressing subjects within its judication:
- (B) the organization and operation of Federal agencies and entities having responsibilities for the administration and execution of laws and programs addressing subjects within
- its jurisdiction;
 (C) any conditions or circumstances that may indicate the necessity or desirability of anacting new or additional legislation addressing subjects within its jurisdiction (whether or not a bill or resolution has been introduced with respect thereto); and

- (D) future research and forecasting on subjects within its jurisdiction.
- (2) Each committee to which subparagraph (1) applies having more than 20 members shall establish an oversight subcommittee, or require its subcommittees to conduct oversight in their respective jurisdictions, to assist in carrying out its responsibilities under this clause. The establishment of an oversight subcommittee does not limit the responsibility of a subcommittee with legislative jurisdiction in carrying out its oversight responsibilities.
- (c) Each standing committee shall review and study on a continuing basis the impact or probable impact of tax polisies affecting subjects within its jurisdiction as described in clauses 1 and 3.
- (d)(1) Not later than February 16 of the first session of a Congress, each standing committee shall, in a meeting that is open to the public and with a quorum present, adopt its oversight plan for that Congress. Such plan shall be submitted simultaneously to the Committee on Government Reform and to the Committee on House Administration. In developing its plan each committee shall, so the maximum extent feasible.
- (A) consult with other committees that have jurisdiction over the same or related laws, programs, or agencies within its jurisdiction with the objective of ensuring maximum coordination and cooperation among committees when conducting reviews of such laws, programs, or agencies and include in its plan an explanation of steps that have been or will be taken to ensure such coordination and cooperation;
- (B) review specific problems with Foderal rules, resulations, statutes, and court decisions that are ambiguous, arbitrary, or nonsensical, or that impose sever imancial burdens on individuals:
- (U) give priority consideration to including in its plan the review of those laws, programs, or agencies operating under permanent budget authority or permanent statutory authority;
- (D) have a view toward ensuring that all significant laws, programs, or agencies within its jurisdiction are subject to review every 10 years; and
- (E) have a view toward insuring against duplication of Federal programs.
- (2) Not later than March 31 in the first session of a Coagress, after consultation with the Speaker, the Majority Leader, and the Minority Leader, the Committee on Government Reform shall report to the House the oversight plans submitted by committees together with any recommendations that it, or the House leadership group described above, may make to ensure the most effective coordination of oversight plans and otherwise to achieve the objectives of this clause.

(e) The Speaker, with the approval of the House, may appoint special ad hoc eversight committees for the purpose of reviewing specific matters within the jurisdiction of two or more standing committees.

Special oversight functions

- 3. (a) The Committee on Appropriations shall conduct such studies and examinations of the organization and operation of exacutive departments and other executive agencies (including an approx the majority of the stock of which is owned by the United States) as it considers necessary to assist it in the determination of matters within its jurisdiction.
- (b) The Committee on the Budget shall study on a continuing basis the affect on budget outlays of relevant existing and proposed legislation and report the results of such studies to the House on a recurring basis.
- (c) The Committee on Energy and Commerce shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to nuclear and other energy and nonmilitary nuclear energy research and development including the disposal of nuclear waste.
- (d) The Committee on Education and the Workforce shall review, study, and coordinate on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to domestic educational programs and institutions and programs of student assistance within the jurisdiction of other committees.
- (e) The Committee on Government Reform shall review and study on a continuing basis the operation of Government activities at all levels with a view to determining their sconomy and efficiency.
- (f) The Committee on Homeland Security shall review and study on a continuing basis all Government activities relating to homeland security, including the intersection of all departments and agencies with the Department of Homeland Security.
- (g) The Committee on International Relations shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to outtoms administration, intelligence activities relating to foreign policy, international financial and monetary organizations, and international fishing agreements.
- (b) The Committee on Armed Services shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to international arms control and disarrament and the sducation of military dependents in schools.
- (i) The Committee on Resources shall review and study on a continuing basis laws, programs, and Government activities relating to Native Americans.
- (i) The Committee on Rules shall review and study on a continuing basis the congressional budget process, and the committee shall report its findings

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR PINELLAS COUNTY, FLORIDA PROBATE DIVISION

IN RE: THE GUARDIANSHIP OF THERESA MARIE SCHIAVO, Incapacitated.	File Na. 90-2908-GD-003
MICHAEL SCHIAVO, Petitioner,	
ROBERT SCHINDLER and MARY SCHINDLER, Respondents.	
	ORDER
UPON CONSIDERATION of the	e Motion of the Committee on Government Reform of
the U.S. House of Representatives to Mod	ify February 25, 2005 Order, the Opposition, if any,
and the entire record herein, it is by the Co	ourt this day of March, 2005 ORDERED
That the Motion is granted for all t	he reasons stated in the Memorandum of Points and
Authorities in support of the Motion. It is	further ORDERED
That this Court's Order dated February	uary 25, 2005 shall be modified to provide that the
guardian, Michael Schiavo shall cause the	removal of nutrition and hydration from the ward,
Theresa Schiavo, at 1:00 p.m. on March 2	29, 2005, rather than at 1:00 p.m. on March 18,
2005.	
	Hon. George W. Greer Circuit Judge

Copies to:

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